					43.
			A&NI Adının		Providing alternate
(iv) The persons left out would be those whose land is submerged but is held under non-agricultural tenancy. The area in such cases is 83.20 hectares. Pockets of revenue land could be identified to allot such persons land as house sites in lieu of their allotted land having been submerged. In case sufficient revenue land is not available, 'Deemed forest land' / Forest land in small pockets could be de-reserved. Such persons could also be offered the compensation amount at the same rate as given to the farmers.	 (ii) It is suggested that instead of de-reserving the forest land, the amount of NPV i.e Rs 9,39,000/- per hectare could be offered to the affected farmers. (iii) Total submerged land held under agriculture classification with the farmers is 1304.60 hectares. Therefore, an amount of Rs. 122.50 crores would be required. 	NPV @ Rs 9, 39,000/- per hectare. (Rupees 143 Crore approximately). (i) Alternatively, those farmers who may settle for compensation instead of alternate allotment could be offered some compensation. This would definitely reduce the requirement of forest land.	The I.A. in the Apex Court (now before CEC) is to permit diversion of this much forest land (based on latest assessment) in order to provide the same as alternate land to the farmers besides keeping areas for common utility purposes such as roads etc. If forest land to the extent of 1526 hectares is released (this includes the submerged life to the common utilities) the Administration will have to pay		
		X5	the 12th five Year Plan exercise	for providing cash compensation to for providing cash compensation to those farmers who had lost their land due to tsunami and earthquake in 2004. A&NI Administration to send a proposal to MHA as early as possible. Department of expenditure suggested that the issue may be examined during	It was decided that in view of non availability of land, ANI