earmarking large forest areas under Regulation of 1956 as has been brought out clearly in our earlier two affidavits. The recent development of people from mainland coming to islands and buying the agriculture land to set up activities such as tourist resorts, has already impacted the socio-cultural set up many islands such as Havelock and Meil Island in the Ritchie's Archipelago which fortunately are quite far away in the east of the main South Andaman and Middle Andaman islands and from any of the Tribal Reserves, which are on the west coast of the main Andaman Islands. The Respondent represent one such entity which are already running a successful tourist resort near the famous Radhanagar Beach of the Havelock Island.) They and subsequently the Dew Dale resort owner have bought agriculture land close to the Jarawa Reserve, which undoubtedly has a much bigger 'tag' attached to it either being very close to the Tribal Reserve, such as the Respondent property under dispute from where one can clearly see the Tribal Reserve across the Constance Bay (Map?) or the Dew Dale Resort, which is although away from any direct contact of the Tribal being in the middle of a settlement, and with no direct connectivity with the tribal reserve as there is a creek between the Jarawa Reserve on South Andaman island and the Baratang Island, but which will cater to tourists who will stay longer and for more time in the vicinity of the forests and the tribal reserve; as against those who pass through the ATR and visit the Limestone Caves during day visit from Port Blair. We have also stated in the end of Para 15 of our affidavit filed on 13th Dec 2010 that a proposal has been submitted to Government of India for opening up an alternate sea route linking Port Blair with Baratang and the islands beyond to the North. So we are aware of the fast changing field situation and steps are being taken

Para 13

or planned to tackle the same in a practical way.

The Tourism Policy of the Islands looks at the natural resources and fragile ecosystem and environment of these islands. The development is regulated by various Central Acts and Regulations such as Forest (Conservation)Act,1980, Environment Protection Act, 1991 and CRZ Regulation under it and the PAT, Regulation 1956, to name a few. Mention of 36 locations, which s also included in the Tourism Policy of 2010, are locations which are remote, many of them in Reserved Forest areas and some of them are in use by