

| | | | - | | SI.No |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------|
| (c) the number of "problem villages" still remaining to be tackled. | (b) how many of the total number of villages and hamlets have shared hygienic drinking water supply at present mentioning clearly the basis on which you regard the water supply as satisfactory. | (a) Please indicate the total number of Revenue Villages and number of Hamlets in the Scheduled Area giving ITDP/ITDA- wise break up | WATER SUPPLY Clean drinking water has been the highest priority in all national programmes so far. From time to time, the programme has concentrated on drinking water supply to what have been known as "Problem villages". That is to say, those villages which have been having unhygienic water supply sources due to excessive chlorides, fluorides or are located in hilly regions were to be tackled, With reference to your state. | MINOR IRRIGATION | Questionaries |
| 5 villages in Chowra Island | Nii | No. of Revenue villages i <mark>n Triba</mark> l area - 170 No. of Hamlets in Tribal a <mark>re</mark> a - Nil | | No separate scheme are t <mark>here in Tribal areas</mark> | Reply |

supply, what is the source os sources of supply? Is it or are they satisfactory? In the category of villages in Scheduled Areas having assured hygienic drinking water Few springs and rest of the sources are wells. Both Satisfactory

(e) What steps have been contemplated and what progammes have been drawn up for the Tenth Plan period to ensure clean and hygienic drinking water supply to

needs to be given.

(d) the number of "non-problem villages" for which clean and hygienic water supply

 $\stackrel{\scriptstyle Z}{=}$

"problem villages" and "non-problem villages"?

Covered villages including 5 problem villages

In the Tenth Plan the programme is to augment 27 Partially