SC-SLRI

be applied having regard to the Order of 1964, shall be deemed to be ground realities, I carned counsel has Scheduled Castes for the U.T. of of India has, from time to time, issued is not eligible for any reserved posts. of providing reservation in favour of any backward class of citizens within reports: the meaning of Article 16(4) of the Constitution, it is open to the U.T. of Pondicherry to apply any policy, especially one whereunder migrant SC persons are also given the benefit of reservation and it is not open to the contesting respondents to object to such kind of a reservation policy and claim that the benefit of reservation should be extended only to such SC persons who are mentioned in the schedule appended to the Presidential Order issued in the year 1964. Learned counsel has also submitted that right from inception, the U.T. of Pondicherry has been following a practice whereunder migrant SC persons are held eligible for appointment on reserved posts and this being the consistent and uniform policy of the State, the same cannot be held to be illegal or contrary to any constitutional provisions.

7. Learned counsel for the contesting respondents (applicants in the original application before the Tribunal) have submitted that in view of clear language in Article 341(1) of the Constitution, only such castes which have been mentioned in the the following observation in Action schedule appended to the Presidential Committee case (supra)

further submitted that the Government Pondicherry and a migrant SC person circulars and Government Orders Learned counsel has also submitted clearly providing that migrant SC, that the fact that a Union territory is persons are eligible for appointment administered by the President through on posts reserved for SC persons in an administrator appointed by him, the U.T. of Pondicherry and in absence can make no difference as the posts in of any statutory enactment or rules question are posts under the made in exercise of powers conferred. Pondicherry government and cannot under the proviso to Article 300 of the be deemed to be posts under the Constitution, these circulars or Central Government Learned counsel Government Orders are binding upon has also placed strong reliance on the the Government of Pondicherry. It has following observation made by the also been contended that in the matter Constitution Bench in the case of Marri Chandra (supra) in para 10 of the

"...... These must be so balanced in the mosaic of the country's integrity that no section or community should cause detriment or discontenument to other community or section. Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes belonging to a particular area of the country must be given protection so long as and to the extent they are enutled in order to become equal with others. But equally those who go to other areas should also ensure that they make way for the disadvantaged and disabled of that part of the community who suffer from disabilities in those areas. In there words, Scheduled Castes and-Scheduled Tribes say of Andhra Pradesh do require necessary protection as balanced between other communities. But equally the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes say of Maharashtra in the instant case, do require protection in the State of Maharashtra, which will have to be in balance to other communities ..."

Reliance has also been placed on

Constituent Assembly relating to these articles, observed that while It is true that a person does not cease to belong to his caste/tribe by migration he has a better and more socially free and liberal atmosphere and if sufficiently long time is spent in socially advanced areas, the inhibitions and handicaps suffered by belonging to a socially disadvantageous community do not truncate his growth and the natural talents of an individual gets full scope to blossom and flourish. Realising that these are problems of social adjustment it was observed that they must be so balanced in the mosaic of the country's integrity that no section or community should cause detriment or discontentment to the other community. Therefore, said the Constitution Bench, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes belonging to a particular area of the country must be given protection so long as and to the extent they are entitled to in order to becoming equals with others but those who go to other areas should ensure that they make way for the disadvantages and disabled of that part of the community who suffer from disabilities in those areas."

8. Before the Tribunal it was pleaded on behalf of the appellants that the Legislative Assembly of U.T. of Pondicherry has not been vested with powers to make laws in relation to public services of the Union territory and consequently the President of India is the repository of all powers with regard to public services of the Union ter litory and with regard to the persons appointed in connection with the affairs of the Union territory. The President has delegated to the Lt.

"The Constitution Bench has, Governor of Pondicherry power to after referring to the debates in the frame rules for regulating the method of recruitment to the civil services and posts in Grade 'A', 'B', 'C' and 'D' under his administrative control in connection with the affairs of the Union territory and also the conditions of service of persons, appointed to such services. While making rules for appointment in Grade 'A' and 'B posts, the Lt. Covernor has to act subject to prior consultation with the Union Public Service Commission The services and posts for U.T. of Pondicherry are treated like Central services and posts, and in the matter of reservation in posts and services for Scheduled Castes, the Government of U.T. of Pondicherry is bound by the policy prescription and the rules and orders of Government of India.

> 9. The Policy of the Government of India, whereunder all SC/ST candidates get benefit in the matter of appointment and admission in educational institutions controlled/ administered by the Central Government has been reproduced in para 18: of the judgment in Marri Chandra Shekhar Rao (supra) and the relevant part thereof reads as under

"Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are entitled to derive benefits of the all India Services or admissions in the educational institutions controlled/administered by the Central Government, irrespective of the State to which they belong. The reservation in force in favour of this Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in filling vacancies in posts and services under the Government of India are as in the enclosure (Chapter II Of the Brochure on the Reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Inbes in Services issued by the Government of India) In-reservations for